

Neonatal Policy (Adoption)

Human Resources

April 2025

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1	HR	Apr 2025	New statutory policy

Contents

1	Introduction
1.2	Scope4
2	What is Neonatal care?4
3	Neonatal care leave5
4	Neonatal care pay9
5	Changes affecting your entitlement to neonatal care leave and pay \dots 10
6	If you suffer a bereavement
7	Other statutory leave
8	Your rights during neonatal care leave
9	Holiday entitlement
10	Pension contributions
11	Contact during neonatal care leave
12	Returning to work after neonatal care leave
13	Data protection
14.	Document History

1 Introduction

This policy sets out the rights of employees to neonatal care leave and pay following the adoption of a child. Statutory neonatal care leave and other rights are also available to employees who are local authority foster parents in a "foster to adopt" situation, or employees who expect to become the legal parents of a child born under a surrogacy arrangement. If you or your partner has recently given birth, please refer to our Neonatal care leave policy (birth).

We understand that having a child in neonatal care is an extremely stressful and challenging experience. As an organisation, we are committed to supporting you and doing what we can to help ensure that you are able to be by your child's side while looking after your own health and wellbeing.

The following definitions are used in this policy:

"Adopter" means the person with whom the child has been placed for adoption through an approved UK adoption agency.

"Official notification" means written notification, issued by or on behalf of the relevant domestic authority, that it is prepared to issue, or has already issued, a certificate to the overseas authority concerned with the adoption of the child, confirming that the adopter is eligible to adopt and has been assessed and approved as being a suitable adoptive parent.

"Overseas adopter" means the person with whom the child is living, following the child's entry into Great Britain from outside the UK in connection with or for the purposes of adoption and who has received official notification in respect of the child.

"Partner" means someone, of whatever sex, who lives with the adopter, overseas adopter or prospective adopter in an enduring family relationship but who is not their child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece or nephew.

"Placed for adoption" means placed for adoption under UK adoption laws including placement with a local authority foster parent who is also a prospective adopter ("foster to adopt").

"Prospective adopter" means the person with whom the child has been placed for adoption by a local authority in a "foster to adopt" arrangement.

The "relevant domestic authority" means the Secretary of State, except in the case of an adopter who is habitually resident in Wales, in which case it is the National Assembly for Wales, or Scotland, in which case it is the Scottish Ministers.

The policy does not form part of your contract of employment and we reserve the right to amend it at any time.

1.2 Scope

This policy applies to employees employed by us. It does not apply to workers, contractors, consultants or any self-employed individuals working for the organisation.

2 What is Neonatal care?

2.1 Neonatal care leave is designed to assist new parents of babies who are admitted into neonatal care.

In this policy, neonatal care means:

- medical care that your child receives in a hospital;
- medical care that your child receives in any other place providing:
 - your child was previously admitted to a hospital as an inpatient and needs continuing care after leaving the hospital;
 - o the care is under the direction of a consultant; and
 - the care involves ongoing monitoring and visits from healthcare professionals arranged by the hospital where your child was an inpatient; or
- palliative or end-of-life care.

3 Neonatal care leave

3.1 Criteria for neonatal care LEAVE

Whatever your length of service, you have a statutory right to take neonatal care leave.

For adoptions within the UK, you are entitled to neonatal care leave if at the date the child is placed for adoption:

- you are the child's adopter and have or expect to have responsibility for the upbringing of the child;
- you are the child's prospective adopter (in a "foster to adopt" arrangement) and have or expect to have responsibility for the upbringing of the child; or
- you are the partner of the child's adopter or prospective adopter and have main responsibility for the upbringing of the child (apart from your partner).

For adoptions from overseas, you are entitled to neonatal care leave if at the date the child enters Great Britain:

- you are the child's overseas adopter and have or expect to have responsibility for the upbringing of the child; or
- you are the partner of the child's overseas adopter and have main responsibility for the upbringing of the child (apart from your partner).

If you are having a child through a surrogacy arrangement, you are entitled to neonatal care leave if at the date of the child's birth:

- you have applied or intend to apply for a parental order within a period of six months;
- you expect the parental order to be granted; and
- you have or expect to have responsibility for the upbringing of the child.

Additionally, the following conditions must be satisfied:

your child was born on or after 6 April 2025;

- your child started receiving neonatal care within 28 days after the date on which they were born (the 28 days are counted from the day after the child is born);
- the neonatal care has lasted seven days or longer without interruption (the seven days are counted from the day after the neonatal care started);
- you are taking the leave to care for your child (however, see if the placement is disrupted or you suffer a bereavement below); and
- you have complied with the relevant notice and declaration requirements set out in this policy (see notice to take neonatal care leave form below).

3.2 Amount of neonatal care leave you can take

The amount of neonatal care leave that you can take is one week for every week your child has spent in neonatal care without interruption. A week is defined as a period of seven calendar days starting from the day after the neonatal care began.

In cases specifically related to adoption, your entitlement begins either after the child has been placed for adoption (for adoptions within the UK) or after the child has entered Great Britain (for adoptions from overseas).

The maximum number of weeks that you can take as neonatal care leave is capped at 12 weeks.

Any neonatal care leave must be taken in blocks of at least one week.

You can take only up to 12 weeks' neonatal care leave, even if multiple children from the same pregnancy require neonatal care.

3.3 Timing of neonatal care leave

You can start your leave on any day after your child has received seven days of uninterrupted neonatal care.

The seven days are counted from the day after the neonatal care started. For example, if your child's started receiving neonatal care on 7 April, the seven-day count begins on 8 April. This means that you can start your neonatal care leave on any day from 15 April.

Any neonatal care leave must end within 68 weeks of your child's date of birth.

The right to neonatal care leave is in addition to any other statutory leave that you may be entitled to, such as maternity, adoption, paternity, ordinary parental, parental bereavement or shared parental leave (see other statutory leave below).

3.4 How neonatal leave may be taken

Neonatal care leave is available to take in two tiers:

- The "tier 1 period" begins when your child starts receiving neonatal care
 and ends on the seventh day after your child is discharged. If you take
 neonatal care leave in the tier 1 period, you can take it in one continuous
 block or a number of non-continuous blocks of a minimum of one week at
 a time.
- The "tier 2 period" is any remaining period (within 68 weeks after your child's date of birth) that is not part of the tier 1 period. if you take neonatal care leave during the tier 2 period, you must take the leave in one continuous block.

You should be aware that the relevant notice requirements differ depending on whether you take your leave in the tier 1 or tier 2 period (see notice to take neonatal care leave below).

3.5 Notice to take neonatal care leave

Notice during the tier 1 period

For each week of neonatal care leave that you wish to take in tier 1, you should notify your line manager/ HR by telephone or email, preferably before your first day of absence in that week. However, we understand that this is likely to be a challenging time for you, so please give notice as soon as is reasonably practicable for you to do so.

You are also required to give notice of your intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave using our form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption within UK) or form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption from overseas). This form contains a declaration that will need to be signed by you.

There is no expectation on you to complete this form straightaway while your child is receiving neonatal care. However, we do request that the form is sent to us within 28 days of the first day of your neonatal care leave, or if this is not possible, as soon as it is reasonably practicable.

Notice during the tier 2 period

If you wish to take neonatal care leave in the tier 2 period, you will need to give notice in writing of your intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave using our form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption within UK) or form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption from overseas). This form contains a declaration that will need to be signed by you..

If you are taking a single week of neonatal care leave, your notice should be received by us at least 15 days before the first date that you have chosen for your leave to start, or if this is not possible, as soon as it is reasonably practicable.

If you are taking two or more consecutive weeks of neonatal care leave, your notice should be received by us at least 28 days before the first date that you have chosen for your leave to start, or if this is not possible, as soon as it is reasonably practicable.

3.6 Changing your neonatal care leave plans

If you have submitted a notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave during the tier 2 period but wish to cancel your leave, you must inform your line manager/ HR using our Form for employee to cancel neonatal care leave (adoption).

If you intended to take a single week of neonatal care leave, you must submit this form at least 15 days before the first date that you had chosen for your leave to start.

If you intended to take two or more consecutive weeks, you must submit this form at least 28 days before the first date that you had chosen for your leave to start.

3.7 Late notice

We understand that having a child in neonatal care is an incredibly difficult time for parents. Please be assured that if it is not possible for you to meet the timeframes for giving or withdrawing notice as set out in this policy, we will accept later notice than this and, in some cases, we may waive the requirement for you to give notice altogether.

3.8 Starting your neonatal care leave

Your neonatal care leave will start on the date that is specified in your notice.

Alternatively, if you give notice on the same day that you want to begin your leave and you are already in work on that day, your neonatal care leave will start on the following day.

If we have agreed to waive the notice requirements, your neonatal care leave will begin on a day that is mutually agreed between us.

4 Neonatal care pay

4.1 Statutory neonatal care pay

Statutory neonatal care pay is payable during your neonatal care leave period, provided that you are entitled to it.

The rate of statutory neonatal care pay is set by the Government for the relevant tax year, or at 90% of your average weekly earnings (whichever is lower).

You will qualify for statutory neonatal care pay if:

- you are entitled to take neonatal care leave;
- you have at least 26 weeks' continuous employment with us at the end of the relevant week;
- you remain in continuous employment from the end of the relevant week
 (or from the child's birth if they were born before the relevant week);
- your average weekly earnings are not less than the lower earnings limit for national insurance contributions;

- you have complied with the relevant notice and evidential requirements and are able to provide the declarations as set out in this policy; and
- you have confirmed when you wish to start receiving statutory neonatal care pay within your form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption within UK) or form to provide notice of intention and entitlement to take neonatal care leave (adoption from overseas).

In this policy "relevant week" is the week in which you or the adopter are notified of being matched with the child for adoption purposes if you are entitled to statutory adoption or paternity pay. In all other cases, it means the week before the neonatal care begins.

Neonatal care pay is treated as earnings and is therefore subject to PAYE and national insurance deductions.

5 Changes affecting your entitlement to neonatal care leave and pay

You must keep your line manager/ HR informed about the date that your child's neonatal care ends as soon as reasonably practicable after the care has ended.

If your child starts receiving neonatal care again, after you have informed us that the care has ended, you must keep your line manager/HR informed of the new start and end dates.

6 If you suffer a bereavement

Employees who have accrued entitlement to neonatal care leave can still take the neonatal care leave that they have accrued if their child passes away.

A placement is disrupted where the child is returned after having been placed for adoption, ceases to live with the overseas adopter, or in the case of a surrogacy arrangement, the parental order does not proceed.

Employees may also be entitled to parental bereavement leave in these circumstances under our bereavement leave policy.

If you have suffered a bereavement, please contact your line manager and/or HR so that we can discuss other support that we may be able to offer you.

7 Other statutory leave

You are entitled to take neonatal care leave in addition to any other statutory leave that you may be entitled to, including maternity, adoption, paternity, ordinary parental, parental bereavement and shared parental leave.

If you have already started a period of statutory leave, but subsequently become eligible for neonatal care leave, you can take your neonatal care leave after completing the other statutory leave, provided that your neonatal care leave is taken within 68 weeks of your child's birth date.

If you have already started a period of neonatal care leave during the tier 1 period but need to begin another type of statutory leave, your neonatal care leave will be temporarily paused immediately before the other statutory leave begins. You can then resume the remaining weeks of your neonatal care leave in one of two ways:

- if you are still within the tier 1 period immediately after the end of the other period of statutory leave; or
- if you have transitioned into the tier 2 period immediately after any other neonatal care leave taken during the tier 2 period.

You cannot take neonatal care leave in the tier 2 period if, at the time of giving notice, you are aware that the leave will overlap with another type of statutory leave.

8 Your rights during neonatal care leave

During neonatal care leave, all the terms and conditions of your contract except normal pay will continue. Your pay will be replaced with statutory neonatal care pay if you are eligible for it. However, other benefits such as holiday entitlement will continue to accrue and pension contributions will continue as set out below.

9 Holiday entitlement

You will continue to accrue your holiday entitlement during your neonatal care leave.

Any statutory holiday entitlement that has not been taken because of neonatal care leave can be carried over into the next holiday year.

10 Pension contributions

We will continue to make pension contributions based on your normal pay during any period of paid neonatal care leave. The contributions that you make will be based on the actual pay that you receive during your neonatal care leave.

The organisation's pension contributions will cease during any period of unpaid neonatal care leave.

11 Contact during neonatal care leave

We reserve the right to maintain reasonable contact with you during your neonatal care leave. This may be to discuss your plans for taking leave, to discuss any special arrangements to ease your time away from work, or to update you on developments at work during your absence.

12 Returning to work after neonatal care leave

You have the right to resume working in the same job and on the same terms and conditions if returning to work from a period of isolated neonatal care leave.

If you return from a period of neonatal care leave that follows on immediately from another period of statutory leave (such as maternity, adoption, paternity, parental bereavement or shared parental leave) and your total time on leave is more than 26 weeks, you have the right to return to the same job wherever possible. However, if this is not reasonably practicable, we will offer you a suitable alternative job on terms and conditions that are no less favourable.

This also applies if you have taken neonatal care leave consecutively with a single period of more than four weeks of ordinary parental leave.

13 Data protection

When dealing with neonatal care leave and pay, we will process any personal data collected in accordance with our data protection policy/policy on processing special categories of personal data. In particular, we will record only the personal information required and keep the information only for as long as necessary.

14. Document History

Name of Policy	Neonatal Policy (Adoption)
Purpose of Policy	Set out all statutory entitlements for
	colleagues of neonatal policy (adoption)
	introduced by government for babies
	born on/after 6 April 2025.
Policy applies to	All employees
Latest update	Introduction of policy 6 April 2025
Update overview	Set out all statutory entitlements for
	colleagues following introduction of
	policy from government for babies born
	on/after 6 April 2025.